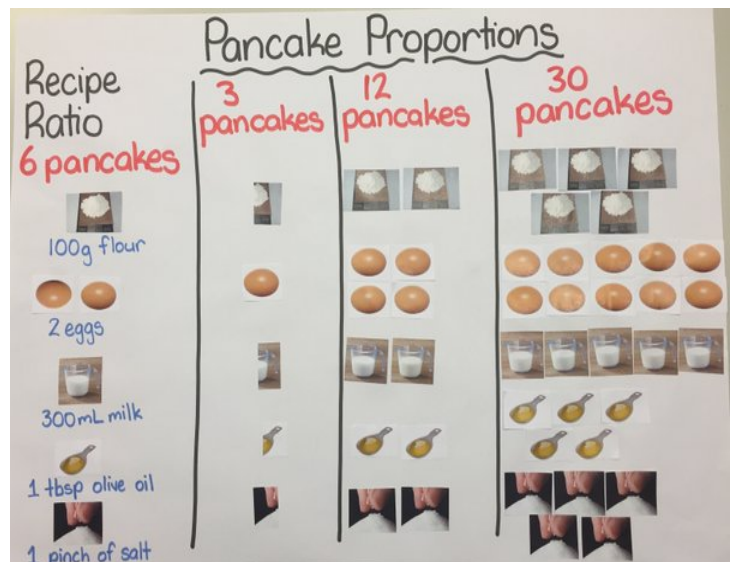




“I Can” Mascoma Standards 6th Grade Math

I Can Use Ratios & Proportional Relationships to Help Me Understand Math

- ✓ I can understand ratios and the language used to describe two amounts. (6.RP.A.1)
- ✓ I can understand how to find a rate when given a specific ratio. (EX: We paid \$75 for 15 hamburgers, which is a rate of \$5 per hamburger.) (6.RP.A.2)
- ✓ I can solve word problems related to ratios in order to figure out the rate. (6.RP.A.3)
- ✓ I can make tables of equivalent ratios, find missing values in the tables, plot those values on a coordinate plane, and use the tables to compare ratios. (6.RP.A.3a)
- ✓ I can solve unit rate problems. (EX: If it took 7 hours to mow 4 lawns, then at that rate, how many lawns could be mowed in 35 hours? At what rate were the lawns being mowed?) (6.RP.A.3b)
- ✓ I can find a percent of a quantity as a rate per 100. (EX: 30% of a quantity means 30/100 times the quantity). (6.RP.A.3c)
- ✓ I can solve problems involving finding the whole if I am given a part and the percent. (6.RP.A.3c)



- ✓ I can use what I know about ratios to convert units of measurement. (6.RP.A.3d)

I Can Use the Number System to Help Me Understand Math

- ✓ I can divide two fractions. (6.NS.A.1)
- ✓ I can solve word problems involving the division of fractions by fractions. (6.NS.A.1)
- ✓ I can divide multi-digit numbers. (6.NS.B.2)
- ✓ I can add, subtract, multiply and divide multi-digit numbers involving decimals. (6.NS.B.3)
- ✓ I can find the greatest common factor of two whole

numbers less than or equal to 100. (6.NS.B.4)

- ✓ I can find the least common multiple of two whole numbers less than or equal to 12. (6.NS.B.4)

- ✓ I can use the distributive property to show the sum of two whole numbers 1-100 in different ways. (Ex: show $36 + 8$ as $4(9+2)$). (6.NS.B.4)

Multiples of 3:

0, 3, 6, 9, 12, 15, 18, 21, 24 ...

Multiples of 4:

0, 4, 8, 12, 16, 20, 24, 28 ...

The LCM of 3 and 4 is 12.

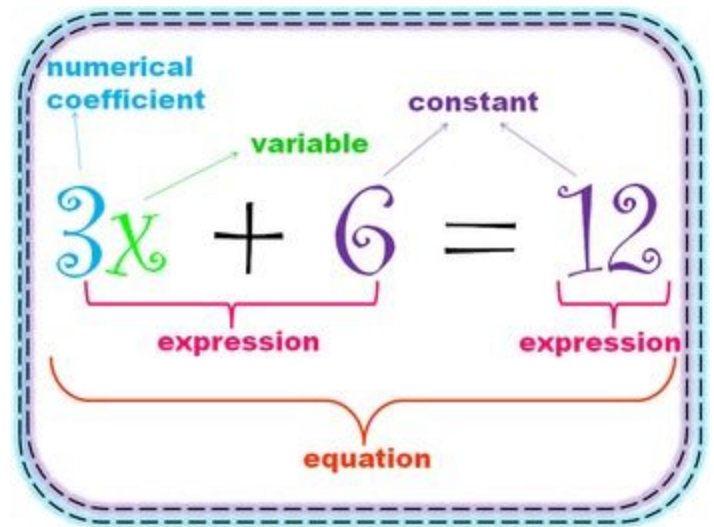
- ✓ I can understand that positive and negative numbers are used to describe amounts having opposite values. (6.NS.C.5)
- ✓ I can use positive and negative numbers to show amounts in real-world situations and explain what the number 0 means in those situations. (6.NS.C.5)
- ✓ I can understand that a rational number is a point on a number line. (6.NS.C.6)
- ✓ I can extend number line diagrams to show positive and negative numbers on the line and in the plane. (6.NS.C.6)
- ✓ I can recognize opposite signs of numbers as indicating places on opposite sides of zero on the number line. (6.NS.C.6a)

- ✓ I can understand signs of numbers in ordered pairs as indicating locations in quadrants of the coordinate plane. (Ex: when two ordered pairs differ only by signs, the locations appear to be reflections of each other on the coordinate plane.) (6.NS.C.6b)
- ✓ I can place integers and other numbers on a number line diagram. (6.NS.C.6c)
- ✓ I can place ordered pairs on a coordinate plane. (6.NS.C.6c)
- ✓ I can order positive and negative numbers. (6.NS.C.7)
- ✓ I can understand absolute value of rational numbers. (6.NS.C.7)
- ✓ I can understand the distance between two numbers (positive or negative) on a number line. (6.NS.C.7a)
- ✓ I can write, understand and explain what rational numbers mean in real-world situations. (Ex: $-3^{\circ}\text{C} > -7^{\circ}\text{C}$ to show that -3°C is warmer than -7°C) (6.NS.C.7b)
- ✓ I can find absolute value of the number as positive distance from 0 on the number line. (6.NS.C.7c)
- ✓ I can understand absolute values as they apply to real-world situations. (Ex: for an account balance of -30 dollars, write $(-30) = 30$ to describe the size of the debt in dollars.) (6.NS.C.7c)
- ✓ I can tell the difference between comparing absolute values and ordering positive and negative numbers. (6.NS.C.7d)
- ✓ I can graph in all four quadrants of the coordinate plane to help me solve real world and mathematical problems. (6.NS.C.8)
- ✓ I can determine the distance between points in the same first coordinate or the same second coordinate. (6.NS.C.8)

I Can Use Expressions and Equations to Help Me Understand Math

- ✓ I can write and understand numerical expressions involving whole number exponents. (6.EE.A.)

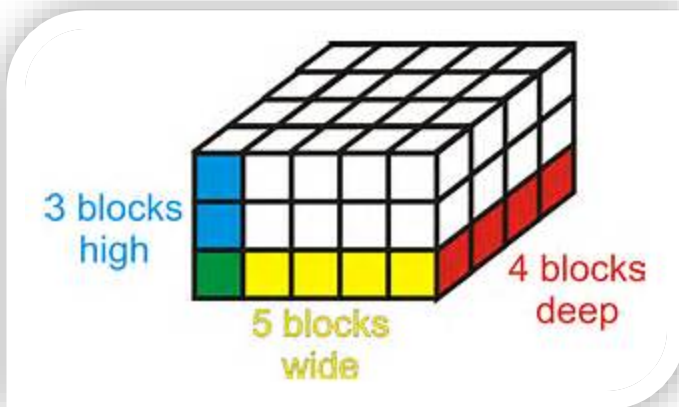
- ✓ I can write, read and figure out expressions in which letters stand for numbers. (6.EE.A.2)
- ✓ I can write expressions using numbers and letters (with the letters standing for numbers.) (6.EE.A.2a)
- ✓ I can identify the parts of an expression using mathematical words (sum, term, product, factor, quotient, co-efficient.) (6.EE.A.2b)
- ✓ I can understand that in $2(8 + 7)$, $(8 + 7)$ can be thought of as two separate numbers or as 15. (6.EE.A.2b)
- ✓ I can understand that in $2(8 + 7)$, $(8 + 7)$ can be thought of as two separate numbers or as 15. (6.EE.A.2b)
- ✓ I can determine the answer to expressions when given the specific value of a variable. (6.EE.A.2c)
- ✓ I can use my knowledge of the order of operations to evaluate expressions. (6.EE.A.2)
- ✓ I can use my knowledge of the order of operations to create equivalent expressions. (6.EE.A.3)
- ✓ I can identify when two expressions are equivalent. (6.EE.A.4)
- ✓ I can understand that solving an equation or inequality is like answering a question. (6.EE.B.5)
- ✓ I can use variables to represent numbers and write expressions when solving real world problems. (6.EE.B.6)
- ✓ I can solve real-world and mathematical problems by writing and solving equations. (6.EE.B.7)
- ✓ I can write an inequality which has many solutions and represent these solutions on a number line (where $x > c$ or $x < c$). (6.EE.B.8)



- ✓ I can use variables to represent two quantities in a real world problem and write an equation to express the quantities. (6.EE.C.9)
- ✓ I can use graphs and tables to show the relationship between dependent and independent variables. (6.EE.C.9)

I Can Use Geometry to Help Me Understand Math

- ✓ I can put together and take apart shapes to help me find the area of right triangles, other triangles, special quadrilaterals and polygons. I can make a line plot to display data sets of measurements in fractions. (6.G.A.1)
- ✓ I can apply what I know about taking apart and putting



together shapes to find the area in real world situations. (6.G.A.1)

- ✓ I can use unit cubes to find the volume of a right rectangular prism and I understand that the mathematical formula ($V = l w h$ or $V = b h$) will give me the same result. (6.G.A.2)

✓ I can use the

mathematical formulas $V = l w h$ or $V = b h$ to determine the volume of real world objects. (6.G.A.2)

- ✓ I can draw polygons in the coordinate plane when I am given the coordinates for the vertices. (6.G.A.3)
- ✓ I can use the coordinates of the vertices of a polygon on the coordinate plane to find the length of a side, joining points with the same first coordinate or the same second coordinate. (6.G.A.3)
- ✓ I can apply what I have learned about polygons on coordinate planes to real world and mathematical situations. (6.G.A.3)

- ✓ I can show how three dimensional figures can be made using two dimensional nets. (A net is the pattern made when the surface of a three dimensional figure is laid out flat). (6.G.A.4)
- ✓ I can figure out the surface area of a three dimensional shape by using a net. (6.G.A.4)

I Can Use Statistics to Help Me Understand Math

- ✓ I understand that the data in questions involving statistics is varied as it relates to the question and answers. (6.SP.A.1)
- ✓ I understand that a set of data collected to answer a statistical question has an overall shape, including a center and spread, when plotted on a graph. (6.SP.A.2)
- ✓ I understand that a set of numerical data has a measure of center (median and/or mean) that summarizes all of its values with a single number. (6.SP.A.3)
- ✓ I understand that in a set of numerical data, the measure of variation describes how its values vary with a single number. (6.SP.A.3)
- ✓ I can show numerical data on a number line. (6.SP.B.4)
- ✓ I can summarize sets of numerical data that are different. (6.SP.B.5)
- ✓ I can summarize data by stating the number of observations. (6.SP.B.5a)
- ✓ I can summarize data by describing the characteristics of what is being investigated, including how it was measured. (6.SP.B.5b)

- ✓ I can summarize data by giving numerical measures of Center and Variability. (6.SP.B.5c)
- ✓ I can summarize data by describing the overall pattern of the data and noticing unusual deviations from the overall pattern. (6.SP.B.5c)
- ✓ I can summarize data by explaining how the distribution of the data on a graph determines its measure of Center (median and/or mean). (6.SP.B.5d)

Mean, Median, Mode, and Range First, arrange the numbers in order by size. Example: 3, 5, 5, 6, 8, 10, 12			
Mean the average of the numbers	Median the middle number of a sequence	Mode the number that occurs most often	Range the difference between the lowest and highest values
1. Add the numbers together. 2. Divide by how many numbers were added. $3+5+5+6+8+10+12=49$ $49 \div 7 = 7$	The median is the middle number when numbers are arranged in order by size. For an even number of numbers, the median is the average of the two numbers in the middle. The middle number is 6.	Find the number(s) that occurs most often in the sequence (there may be more than one). There are two 5s and one of each of the other numbers.	Subtract the smallest number from the largest number. $12 - 3 = 9$
The mean is 7.	The median is 6.	The mode is 5.	The range is 9.